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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE .	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/535,629	05/20/2005	Hilde De Henau	2551-172	1732
23117 7590 03/22/2007 NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC 901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, 11TH FLOOR			EXAMINER	
			WOOLWINE, SAMUEL C	
ARLINGTON, VA 22203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1637	
		·		
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
31 DA'	YS	03/22/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/535,629	DE HENAU ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Samuel Woolwine	1637		
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 December 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5)	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> are subject to restriction and/or expressions.	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers					
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

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DETAILED ACTION

Preliminary Note

The following Office action is a supplemental requirement for restriction prior to a first action on the merits. This supplemental action is being sent due to (1) Applicant's confusion regarding the examiner's earlier requirement to identify those sequences in claims 4 and 11 reading on the elected SEQ ID NO: 1 or 2, (2) the rescission of the 1996 OG Notice regarding nucleotide sequences, which may be found at:

http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/dapp/opla/preognotice/sequence02212007.pdf
and (3) a further requirement for restriction applicable to specific claims. Based on the

Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

imposition of new restriction requirements, this requirement is NON-FINAL.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-7 and 15, drawn to isolated polynucleotides and kits.

Group II, claim(s) 8-14, drawn to methods of nucleic acid analysis.

The inventions listed as Groups I and II do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: at least claim 7 is anticipated by Fodor et al (Pub No US 2001/0053519 A1, filed March 6, 2000). Fodor teaches, and actually reduces to practice, a complete 10-mer oligonucleotide microarray (see figures 2-5 and paragraph [0122]). Thus, Fodor's microarray represents a composition comprising a set of two polynucleotide probes. Because at least claim 7 is anticipated by Fodor, claims 1-15 do not share the same or corresponding special technical feature.

Further Restriction Requirement Applicable to All Groups

Additionally, each group named above is subject to a further restriction. This application contains claims directed to one or more SEQ ID NOS. Applicant is required to elect either SEQ ID NO 1 or SEQ ID NO 2.

The only special technical feature that SEQ ID NOS 1 and 2 seem to share is the fact that they represent ITS sequences found in species of *Enterococcus*. However, Applicant's own specification admits that SEQ ID NOS 1 and 2 were *derived* from different species of *Enterococcus* (page 6, lines 30-33). Therefore, SEQ ID NOS 1 and 2 represent different sequences from different organisms (and are therefore patentably distinct, lacking unity of invention *a priori*).

Further Restriction Requirement Applicable to Specific Claims

Applicant is further required to elect:

- a single SEQ ID NO from among those listed in claim 4 which must correspond to the elected SEQ ID NO 1 or 2
- 2) a single set of two or three polynucleotide probes as recited in claims 6 and 14, wherein the single set consists of a single combination listed in Table 3, and wherein the probe set corresponds to the elected SEQ ID NO 1 or 2
- 3) a single forward primer and a single reverse primer as listed in claim 11, wherein the primers correspond to the elected SEQ ID NO 1 or 2

To clarify what is meant by "correspond to", it is assumed that the primers and probes discussed above are either identical to or perfectly complementary to subsequences in either SEQ

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ID NO 1 or 2 (or both). Applicant is required to elect primers/probes derived from the elected SEQ ID NO 1 or 2.

Each of the nucleic acid molecules or combination of molecules in the foregoing is structurally distinct from the others. Nucleotide sequences are structurally distinct chemical compounds and are unrelated to one another. These sequences are thus deemed to normally constitute independent and distinct inventions within the meaning of 35 U.S.C 121. Absent evidence to the contrary, each such nucleotide sequence is presumed to represent an independent and distinct invention, subject to restriction requirement pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 121 and 37 CFR 1.141. By statute, "[i]f two or more independent and distinct inventions are claimed in one application, the Commissioner may require the application to be restricted to one of the inventions." 35 U.S.C. 121. Pursuant to this statute, the rules provide that "[i]f two or more independent and distinct inventions are claimed in a single application, the examiner in his action shall require the applicant...to elect that invention to which his claims shall be restricted." 37 CFR 1.142 (a). See also 37 CFR 1.141(a). The search and examination of all sequences would pose an undue burden on the PTO search resources.

Furthermore, this requirement for election of a single SEQ ID NO 1 or 2 is consistent with the pre-OG Notice of February 22, 2007, which may be found at the Internet URL above.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the

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patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. **Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.**

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Samuel Woolwine whose telephone number is (571) 272-1144. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 9:00am-5:00pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached on (571) 272-0782. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent. Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

scw

JEFFREY FREDMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER